



Update from April CMDA call.

We need an informed consent for NEW psychotropic medications. We DO NOT need a new informed consent for changes in the dose of a medication that already has an informed consent.

COVID Vaccine Update

Special situation for people ages 65 years and older: People ages 65 years and older should receive 1 additional dose of any updated (2023-2024 Formula) COVID-19 vaccine (i.e., Moderna, Novavax, Pfizer-BioNTech) at least 4 months following the previous dose of updated (2023-2024 Formula) COVID-19 vaccine. For initial vaccination with updated (2023-2024 Formula) Novavax COVID-19 Vaccine, the 2-dose series should be completed before administration of the additional dose.

[Clinical Guidance for COVID-19 Vaccination | CDC](#)

Enhanced Barrier Precautions

The infographic is a vertical orange rectangle with two red octagonal 'STOP' signs at the top corners. The text 'ENHANCED BARRIER PRECAUTIONS' is centered at the top, with 'EVERYONE MUST:' below it. The first section features an icon of hands being washed and the text 'Clean their hands, including before entering and when leaving the room.' The second section is titled 'PROVIDERS AND STAFF MUST ALSO:' and includes an icon of blue gloves and a blue gown. The text lists activities requiring these items: Dressing, Bathing/Showering, Transferring, Changing Linens, Providing Hygiene, Changing briefs or assisting with toileting, and Device care or use (central line, urinary catheter, feeding tube, tracheostomy). It also includes 'Wound Care: any skin opening requiring a dressing'. At the bottom left, it states 'Do not wear the same gown and gloves for the care of more than one person.' The bottom right features the CDC logo and the text 'U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention'.

STOP **ENHANCED BARRIER PRECAUTIONS** **STOP**

EVERYONE MUST:

Clean their hands, including before entering and when leaving the room.

PROVIDERS AND STAFF MUST ALSO:

Wear gloves and a gown for the following High-Contact Resident Care Activities.

Dressing
Bathing/Showering
Transferring
Changing Linens
Providing Hygiene
Changing briefs or assisting with toileting
Device care or use:
central line, urinary catheter, feeding tube,
tracheostomy
Wound Care: any skin opening requiring a dressing

Do not wear the same gown and gloves for the care of more than one person.

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention



Please Read: [Frequently Asked Questions \(FAQs\) about Enhanced Barrier Precautions in Nursing Homes | HAI | CDC](#)

CDPHE surveyors are looking at EBP and how they are being implemented, QSO-24-08-NH. This is, generally, for high contact encounters where the staff will be interacting with a wound or indwelling device directly. I DO NOT recommend screening the entire facility. Approx 50% or more of LTC residents are colonized with an MDRO.

The new guidance is being incorporated into F880 Infection Prevention and Control, as of April 1, 2024.

1. Patients with wounds or indwelling medical devices regardless of MDRO colonization status.
(excluding peripheral IVs)
2. Patients with MDRO colonization.

Enhanced Barrier Precautions involve gown and glove use during high-contact resident care activities for residents known to be colonized or infected with a MDRO as well as those at increased risk of MDRO acquisition (e.g., residents with wounds or indwelling medical devices).

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Enhanced Barrier Precautions expand the use of gown and gloves beyond anticipated blood and body fluid exposures. They focus on use of gown and gloves during high-contact resident care activities that have been demonstrated to result in transfer of MDROs to hands and clothing of healthcare personnel, even if blood and body fluid exposure is not anticipated. Enhanced Barrier Precautions are recommended for residents known to be colonized or infected with a MDRO as well as those at increased risk of MDRO acquisition (e.g., residents with wounds or indwelling medical devices). Standard Precautions still apply while using Enhanced Barrier Precautions. For example, if splashes and sprays are anticipated during the high-contact care activity, face protection should be used in addition to the gown and gloves.

[Frequently Asked Questions \(FAQs\) about Enhanced Barrier Precautions in Nursing Homes | HAI | CDC](#)



Enhanced Barrier Precautions Protocols

For residents with

- Wounds or indwelling medical devices, regardless of MDRO colonization status (does not include peripheral IVs)
- or colonization with an MDRO

Use gown and gloves for all high-contact daily caregiving, such as

- Dressing
- Bathing/showering
- Transferring
- Providing hygiene
- Changing linens
- Changing briefs or assisting with toileting
- Device care or use: central line, urinary catheter, feeding tube, tracheostomy/ventilator
- Wound care: any skin opening requiring a dressing

[CDC Training Resources](#)

CMS Clarifications on Enhanced Barrier Precautions



Residents who have been determined to need EBP are **not expected to be placed in isolation** and are permitted to ambulate throughout communal areas of the facility.

EBP are intended to be in place for the duration of a resident's stay in the facility or until resolution of the wound or discontinuation of the indwelling medical device that placed them at higher risk.

Gowns and gloves would not be recommended when performing transfers in common areas such as dining or activity rooms, where contact is anticipated to be shorter in duration.

Outside the resident's room, EBP should be followed when performing transfers or assisting during bathing in a shared/common shower room and when working with residents in the therapy gym.

Residents who have previously tested positive for an MDRO are not to be retested. They **do not recommend facility-wide testing** to determine a need for EBP.

[enhanced-barrier-precautions-QSO-24-08-NHDownload](#)

Examples of MDROs targeted by CDC include:



- Pan-resistant organisms,
- Carbapenemase-producing carbapenem-resistant Enterobacterales,
- Carbapenemase-producing carbapenem-resistant *Pseudomonas*,
- Carbapenemase-producing carbapenem-resistant *Acinetobacter baumannii*, and
- *Candida auris*

Additional epidemiologically important MDROs may include, but are not limited to:

- Methicillin-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* (MRSA),
- ESBL-producing Enterobacterales,
- Vancomycin-resistant *Enterococci* (VRE),
- Multidrug-resistant *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*,
- Drug-resistant *Streptococcus pneumoniae*

[Syphilis: New screening recommendations for syphilis in Colorado](#)

Suicidal Ideation Across Long Term Care

Colorado Crisis Line dial 988

Risk assessment tool – Columbia suicide Severity Rating Scale (C-SSRS)

- Plan
- Means
- Intent
- Plan to act? When? Already started?
- Create a safety plan as though the person already has a plan.

Make sure to use the words “thinking of killing yourself” when you assess the patient.

Do not argue with a suicidal person and DO NOT try to convince them that they are fine.



- Lethality assessment
 - Low Risk – Passive SI without plan and no intent
 - q15 min checks, safety plan, regularly reassess risk, id coping skills
 - Medium Risk – active SI with a plan but NO intent or past attempts with current passive SI.
 - q15min checks,
 - remove access to the means of committing suicide,
 - 1:1 companion,
 - safety plan,
 - coping techniques,
 - High Risk – active SI with a plan AND intent or past attempt with active SI with or without plan/intent.
 - consider M1 Hold
 - Usually 72 hrs but the evaluating doctor can cut that short if clinically justified
 - If they do not fit the criteria, we cannot send them. Licensing boards are assessing the proper use of the M1 hold and reprimanding the improper use of this tool430 e.
 - Not to be used as a “just to be safe” measure

[Suicide-C-SSRS-1-14-09-SinceLastVisit_AU5.1_eng-USori-1-1Download](#)

References:

- [Consideration for Use of Enhanced Barrier Precautions in Skilled Nursing Facilities HICPAC \(cdc.gov\)](#)
- [Frequently Asked Questions \(FAQs\) about Enhanced Barrier Precautions in Nursing Homes | HAI | CDC](#)
- [Enhanced Barrier Precautions in Nursing Homes \(youtube.com\)](#)
- [SUICIDAL BEHAVIOR \(docshepherd.com\)](#)

[enhanced-barrier-precautions-sign-1Download](#)